Approved For Release 2000/08/26 DP61S00137A000100090030-8

Removember For: Senior Research Staff on International Communicat (SES/DDI)

Attention: 206 Central Building 25X1A9a

Through: Assistant Director for Research and Reports

Subject: Information on Living Standards in the European Satellites

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In accordance with my telephone conversation of 10 September with
of \$80/DDL I'm forwarding some immediately evailable information
on living standards in the Daropean Satellites. As I suggested to
an important starting point is the information on food availability which I
understand is being supplied by the information of M/Ag. There are no
immediately available agreepative consumption figures which can be used to
make comparisons of total consumption per capita in the Satellites.

2. In the following information on housing, the Satellites are ranked below from best to worst, in order of the absolute condition of housing, and them in order of the seriousness (from least to most serious) with which the problem is regarded by the population in each country; people with traditionally low standards of housing will not react so strongly against a given absolute level of housing as people with traditionally high standards. In general, housing is subordinated to the meads of industrialization not only in the priority for resources but also in the location of new housing, e.g., a city making heavy industrial equipment, other things being equal, will receive more housing than a city making textiles:

Ectellite	Absolute Fank	Bank in "Seriouspess"*	Cemento				
Czechoslovekia	isochoslovatia L 2		Best housed; slow worsening as building and repair are insufficient to offset new needs caused by population growth and urbanization; increased grashling over housing as other aspects of living conditions slowly improve.				
Sast Cornary	8	i.	Gradual deterioration since 1950 because of marked insufficiency of maintenance and repair.				
Bungary	3	5	date of deterioration more rapid than in Czechoglovakia, with revolution of 1956 widening gap between needs and rate of construction.				



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Poland	4	6	Worst problem in terms of mumber of people involved and adverse effects on productiveness of urban population.
Migaria	5	1	low absolute standards but housing conditions in rural areas appear to have been bettered in last few years.
kmanie	6	3	Urben population small and traditional standards of housing notably law usual subordination of housing to industrialization program.

- * Ranking is from least serious (Sulgaria) to most serious (Poland).
- 3. The following information on per capita production in 1956 of h consumer durables is only a rough gage of compensative standards of consumption since the sajor producing countries are important experters of these goods:

1996 Output of 4 Communer Durables Fer Thousand Population

Item	<u>Caedio</u>	E Ger	May	Pol	1415	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A
Sewing machines	6.3	11.4	3.9	2.7		MA
Mayalos	25.1	48.2	19.6	6.5	neg	MA
maio receivers	30.3	53-3	40.6	16.5	12.1	6.0
TV receivers	3.9	5.0	0.6	0.1	Ö	ø

h. The following information is on par capita production in 1956 of important non-food communer goods. These figures are only a rough gage of dementic availability because in some cases, e.g., Crecheslovekian shoes, a large percent of production is experted:

148	Line S. f.	Crecho	2 Ger	Mag	201		
Total footwear Leather footwear Cotton fabric Wool fabric	ntr ntr	4.6 1.7 26.1 2.8	2.2 0.9 22.5 6.0	1.2 1.1 26.2 1.4	1.5 1.0 20.0 2.7	0.5 0.2 16.6	1.1 0.9 20.6 1.2

5. Conclusions as to comparative over-all living conditions in the Satellites are hasardous, and the following remarks are my own tentative conclusions not to be attributed to ORR. With respect to over-all living conditions the Satellites may be divided into 3 pairs: (a) Czechoslovakia and East Germany, relatively the best off, with proper traditions of industrialization and living standards comparable to those of Western Europe; the chronically unsatisfactory food situation in Sast Germany gives Czechoslovakia the nod comparing the two; (b) Folend and Sangary, a decided cut below Czechoslovakia and Sant Germany, specifically with respect to



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bousing and the production and consumption of non-food consumer goods; in both countries the continued failure of the government to allocate sufficient resources to make levels of consumption above a dull subsistence level has led to serious disaffection on the part of the workers, with resulting lowering of work discipline and effort; (c) humanic and Bulgaria, a decided cut below Poland and Hungary, with fewer preser traditions of industrialization and "Western"-type living standards; both countries depend more heavily on agriculture than the others, and both must import manufactured consumer goods from the others.

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